# INWES Education and Research Institute

CCWE+20 workshop

Monique Frize

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## Historically....

- Northern Telecom/NSERC Women in engineering Chair (UNB) announced May 11'89
- Massacre at Ecole Polytechnique (Dec 6, 1989)
- Chair began a national mandate (Dec 11, 1989)
- CCWE (Feb 22, 1990) 19 persons: 6 public fora (Barriers and Bridges), over 200 memoirs sent in;
- ▶ 1991: Conference in Fredericton for more development of report.
- Report: 55,000 words; released in French and English April 1992. Signatures for implementation.
- ▶ 1995: Review: what has been done? Left to be done?

#### Follow-ups and other interventions

- ▶ 1996: NSERC report for Council (21 recommendations); 5 regional chairs
- ▶ 1998: CCWEST conference Vancouver
- 2000: CCWEST conference St-Johns, Nfld
- 2002: ICWES12/CCWEST and creation of INWES
- ▶ 2007: INWES Education and Research Institute
- 2009: The Bold and the Brave: A history of women in science and engineering
- ▶ 2011: CCWE+20...

#### CCWE Report 1992

- Divided in chapters on:
- 1. Youth (7 recommendations)
- 2. Universities (10 recommendations)
- 3. Workplaces (5 recommendations)
- 4. Associations: scientific, professional, technical (7 recommendations)

#### CCWE+20

Add granting agencies

# Barriers: Youth CCWE Report 1992

- Stereotyping that channel girls away from science and math
- At school, more discouragement by some teachers and guidance counsellors
- Lack of role models in engineering
- Perception engineering is a "male" profession; that high grades are needed; that engineers just build bridges and roads.

## Bridges: Youth

- 1. Profile women engineers in active roles
- 2. Educators empower young women to develop self-esteem (K to 12)
- 3. Education Faculties teach equity issues, gender stereotyping and differences
- 4. Educators enhance learning experience of female students in math and science (develop interest and abilities and acquire pre-requisites for entry into engineering)

#### Youth continued...

- > 5. Teachers and guidance counsellors to provide career information free of gender-bias, so young women choosing this feel informed, encouraged and supported.
- 6. Introduce girls and young women to role models in STEM
- 7. Educators and employers develop extracurricular programs to develop self confidence and competence in math, science, technology.

#### Barriers: Universities

- Some difficulty in adjusting to the pervasive male culture and curriculum that does not reflect women's perspectives
- Never meet or very few women professors
- Few women in graduate school
- Few universities have flexible tenure procedures and supportive policies to recognize difficulties of balancing family and demands of an academic career.

#### Bridges: Universities

- 8. Create attractive environment and commit to recruitment and retention of women faculty and students
- > 9. Develop programs to attract women into undergraduate engineering programs
- ▶ 10. Encourage mature and other nontraditional students to enter into engineering
- 11. Establish academic adjustment and social support programs

### Bridges: Universities cont...

- 12. Create an environment that ensures physical, emotional, and psychological security of all students and contributes to a more positive image of engineering students
- 13. Accelerate efforts to attract women students to graduate studies (pool of women for faculty positions)

#### Bridges: Universities cont...

- 14. Action plan to increase the number of women faculty
- ▶ 15. Design tenure and promotion criteria and processes that allow parenting (maternity, paternity leaves) that do not jeopardize career

### Bridges: Universities cont...

- 16. Curriculum be made relevant to current societal realities and future needs; understand impact of designs and decisions on people; develop understanding and appreciation for the humanities and social sciences
- 17. Develop and expand work-experience programs (to validate choice of career and relate engineering studies to workplace

#### Barriers: Workplaces

- Women encounter attitudes and activities that are systemically biased against them.
- Many face discrimination in hiring, promotion, job assignments, salary
- Some experience harassment
- Many have to cope with isolation (only female on site)
- Not enough employers have policies that enable employees to balance family and career.

### Bridges: Workplaces: Employers

- ▶ 18. Develop and implement strategies and policies that demonstrate commitment to hiring, promotion, and career development of women engineers and professionals
- ▶ 19. Develop recruitment practices to attract women engineers, ensure hiring the best qualified and most productive employees by creating a selection process that is fair, objective, and free of gender-bias.

## Bridges: Workplaces

- ▶ 20. Institute career development and promotion strategies to prepare women for management.
- 21. Adopt policies that support the professional, personal, family needs of employees, and ensure they can balance family responsibilities and career development.
- 22. Initiate, update, promote and enforce policies to eradicate harassment.

#### Barriers: Associations

Women engineers are minorities in associations (in terms of membership, governance, prizes and awards, keynote and expert panel speakers).

#### Bridges: Associations

- ▶ 23. Develop and institute programs for all members and engineers-in-training to ensure full acceptance of women in the profession; to eradicate harassment and discrimination.
- 24. Improve information base on equity and human resource distribution, by expanding regular member surveys.
- 25. Design and launch a public awareness campaign to promote engineering, especially as a career for women across Canada.

### Bridges: Associations

- ▶ 26. Establish or expand comprehensive attraction programs at elementary and secondary schools in cooperation with other organisations involved in this work.
- 27. Develop voluntary career advisory programs to support and guide young people beginning their career.

### Bridges: Associations

- ▶ 28. Develop close working relationship with Faculties of Engineering to ensure students are aware of associations' expectations regarding fairness and equity.
- ▶ 29. Make employers aware of the different perspectives and qualities women bring to engineering works.

### Making it happen

- Monitoring, measuring, reporting progress in implementation of recommendations.
- Ongoing media campaign to keep issues in public eye.
- Follow-up in stock-taking conference.
- Commitment from the top
- Gender sensitivity and awareness
- Women involved in the process of change

### Making it happen

- Cooperation from educators, employers and engineers.
- Realistic and challenging goals.
- Mechanisms to measure and report on progress.

## Goals: by 1997

- ▶ Girls and boys will pursue math and science in equal numbers (K-12)
- Women will comprise 25-35 % of first year engineering, 20 % Master's, 10% doctoral students, 5 % faculty across Canada.
- Women will comprise at least 18% gradates in engineering programs.
- More women engineers will be in senior management positions and on Boards of companies employing engineers.
- More women will be elected on Council and appointed to committees

## Responsibilities

- Lead: for each sector.
- Supporting role.

## Workshop goal CCWE +20

Increase the participation of women in engineering study programs and the profession by 2016; increase the participation of other underrepresented groups.

## Workshop objectives CCWE +20

- 1. Collect information on what has been done in the last 20 years; what has worked and what has not.
- 2. Assess differences between the generation of youth of 20 years ago and today; the culture; the environment; the economy.
- Develop recommendations and strategies with timelines and outcomes that could be done in the next 5 years.
- 4. Prepare a resolution that participants can sign at the end of the workshop. Media release.
- > 5. A report of main points will be published on INWES ERI's web site.